



## **WEBINAR**

# **Innovations for a decentralised renewable-powered system: Peer-to-peer electricity trading**

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**Moderated by:  
Arina Anisie, IRENA**

**Tuesday, 25 August 2020 • 10:00 CEST / 16:00 GMT+8**



# Welcoming remarks

Ir Dr Sanjayan Velautham, CEO, SEDA



# SPEAKERS



Hazril Izan bin Bahari, SEDA



Francisco Boshell  
IRENA



Dr Jemma Green,  
Power Ledger



Vinod Tiwari,  
Power Ledger



# AGENDA

**Innovations for a  
decentralised renewable-  
powered system:**

**Peer-to-peer electricity  
trading**

## Opening Address

- 1. Renewable integration and power system decentralisation, Francisco Boshell, IRENA**
- 2. Malaysia P2P Energy Trading Pilot Project, Hazril Izan bin Bahari, SEDA**
- 3. Blockchain energy use-cases and real applications deployed around the world, Dr Jemma Green and Vinod Tiwari, Power Ledger**

Q&A



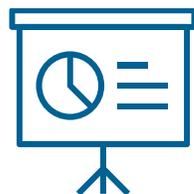
All of you are **muted** and will remain so throughout the webinar



Use the **Chat** feature to introduce yourself and talk to other attendees



If you have **Questions** to the speaker please use the **Q&A**



The slides and recordings will be shared via email after the webinar



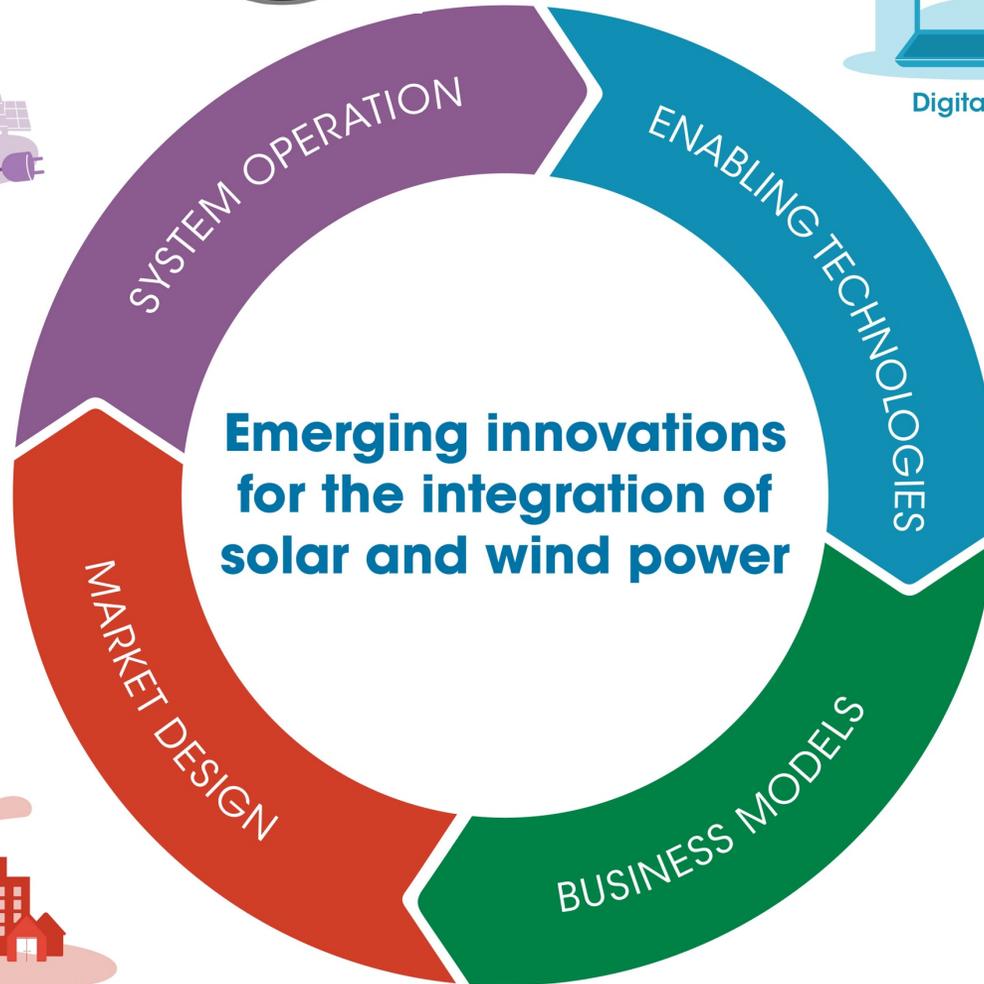
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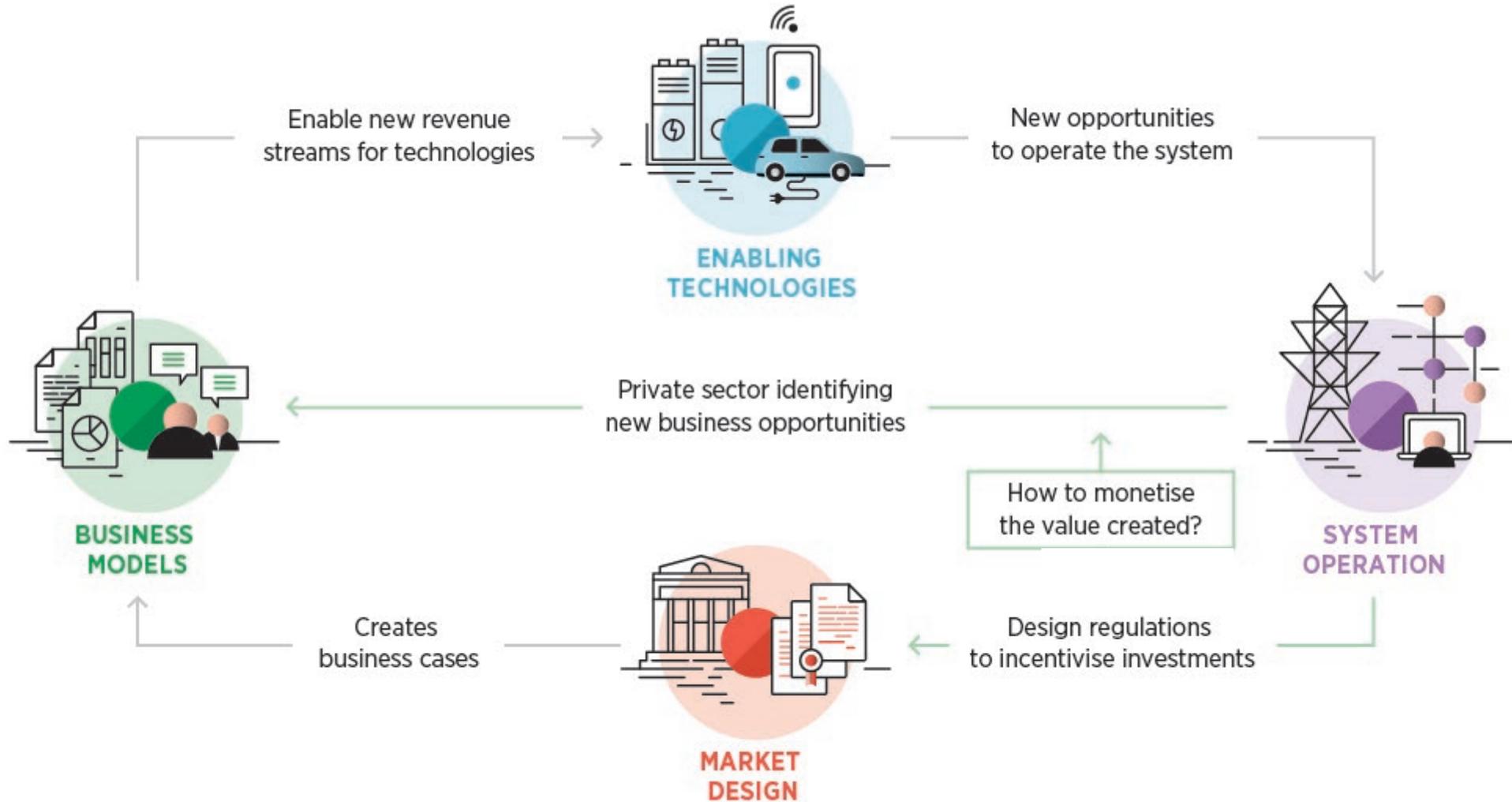
# **OPENING ADDRESS**

## **Innovation Landscape report for a renewable-powered future**

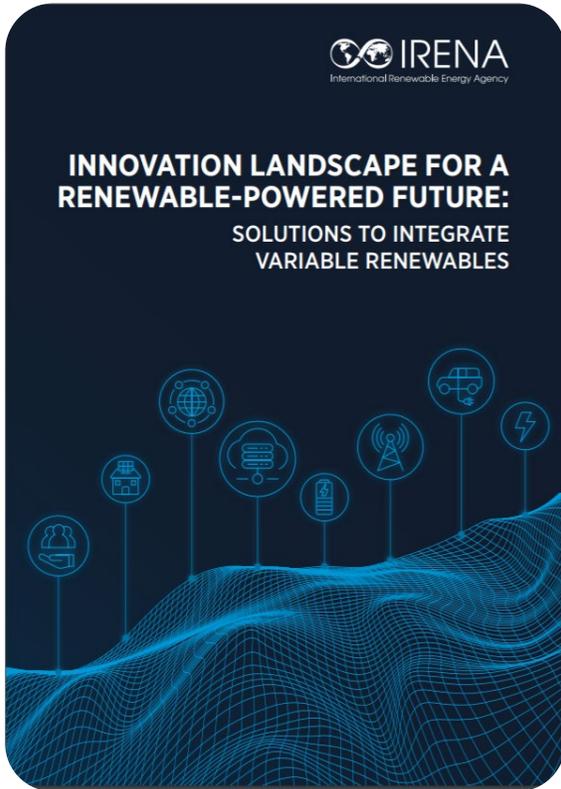
**Arina Anisie, IRENA**



# Systemic innovation for an integrated renewable energy system



# Emerging innovations for wind and solar PV integration



Innovation Landscape Report

● ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES	● BUSINESS MODELS	● MARKET DESIGN	● SYSTEM OPERATION
1 Utility-scale batteries	12 Aggregators	17 Increasing time granularity in electricity markets	25 Future role of distribution system operators
2 Behind-the-meter batteries	13 Peer-to-peer electricity trading	18 Increasing space granularity in electricity markets	26 Co-operation between transmission and distribution system operators
3 Electric-vehicle smart charging	14 Energy-as-a-service	19 Innovative ancillary services	27 Advanced forecasting of variable renewable power generation
4 Renewable power-to-heat	15 Community-ownership models	20 Re-designing capacity markets	28 Innovative operation of pumped hydropower storage
5 Renewable power-to-hydrogen	16 Pay-as-you-go models	21 Regional markets	29 Virtual power lines
6 Internet of things		22 Time-of-use tariffs	30 Dynamic line rating
7 Artificial intelligence and big data		23 Market integration of distributed energy resources	
8 Blockchain		24 Net billing schemes	
9 Renewable mini-grids			
10 Supergrids			
11 Flexibility in conventional power plants			

# 30 Innovation Briefs



# 30 Innovation Briefs



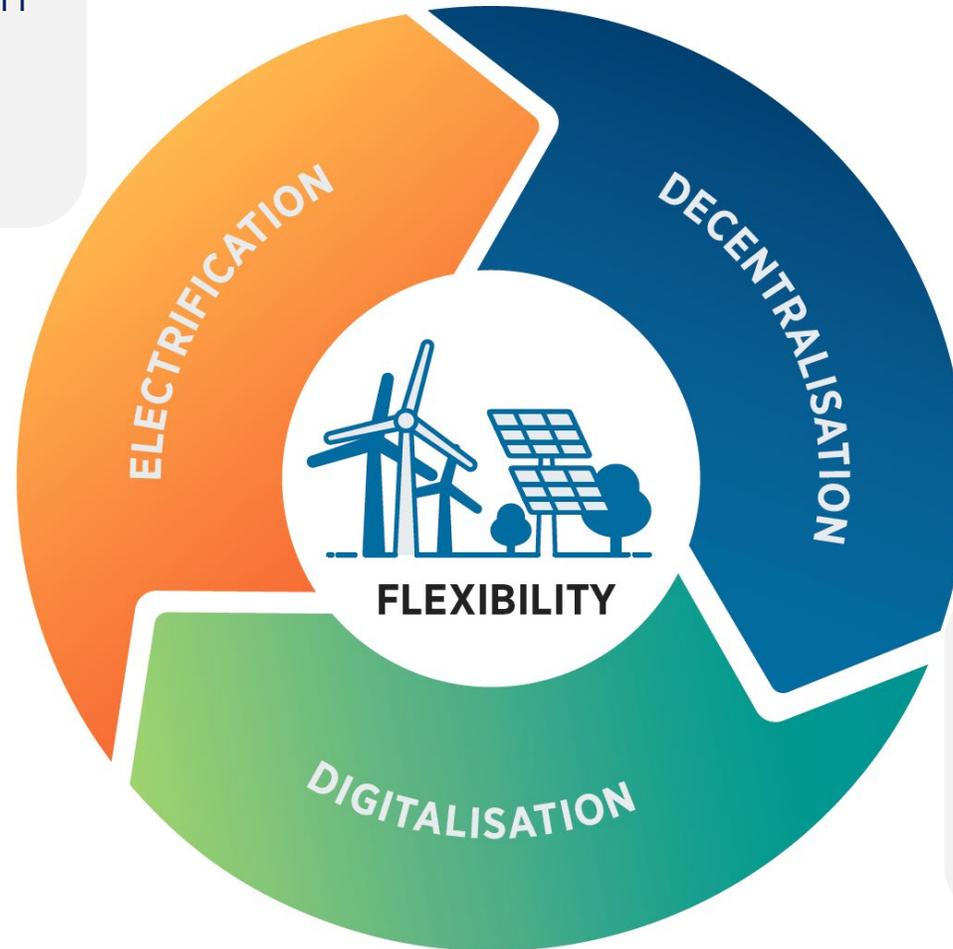


# Renewable integration and power system decentralisation

Francisco Boshell, IRENA

# Power systems transition propelled by three trends

- Electrification of end-use sectors is an emerging solution to **maintain value and avoid curtailment of VRE**, and help decarbonize other sectors



- The increasing deployment of Distributed Energy Resources (DERs) turns the consumer into an active participant, **fostering demand-side management.**

- Digital technologies enable **faster response, better management of assets, connecting devices, collecting data, monitor and control**

# Consumers at the center of the transition

The new consumer is also producing, storing, trading energy and managing own load

## DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Generation from plants connected at low and medium voltage, such as solar rooftops, micro wind turbines, etc.

## BEHIND-THE-METER BATTERY

Small batteries that are connected at the consumer end and store electrical energy during periods of surplus generation.

## SMART CHARGING ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Optimising the charging cycle of the EVs according to distribution grid constraints and local renewable energy availability, as well as driver preferences.

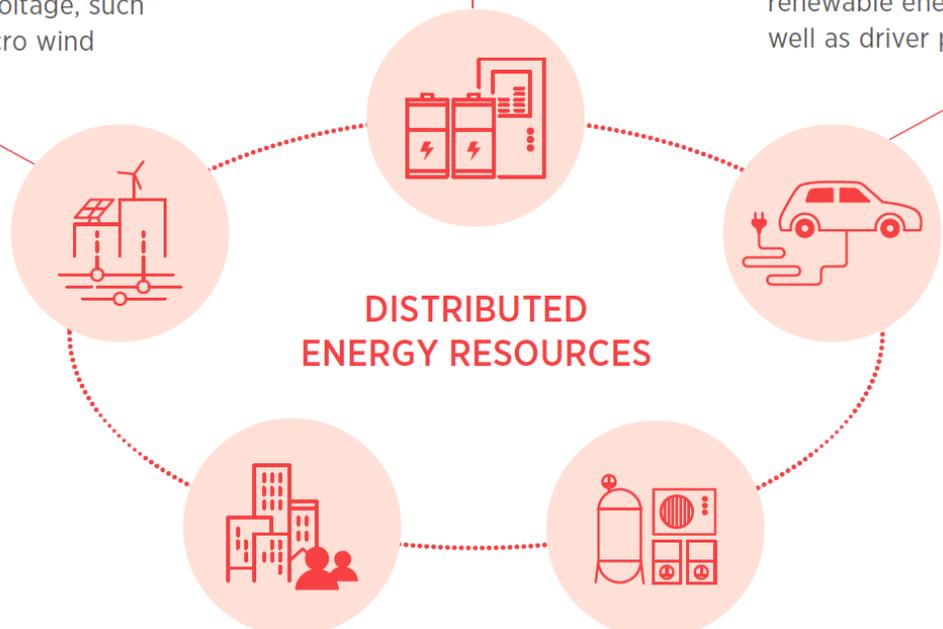
## DEMAND RESPONSE

Process that enables consumers to alter their electricity consumption patterns and provide grid services, individually or through an aggregator.

## POWER-TO-HEAT

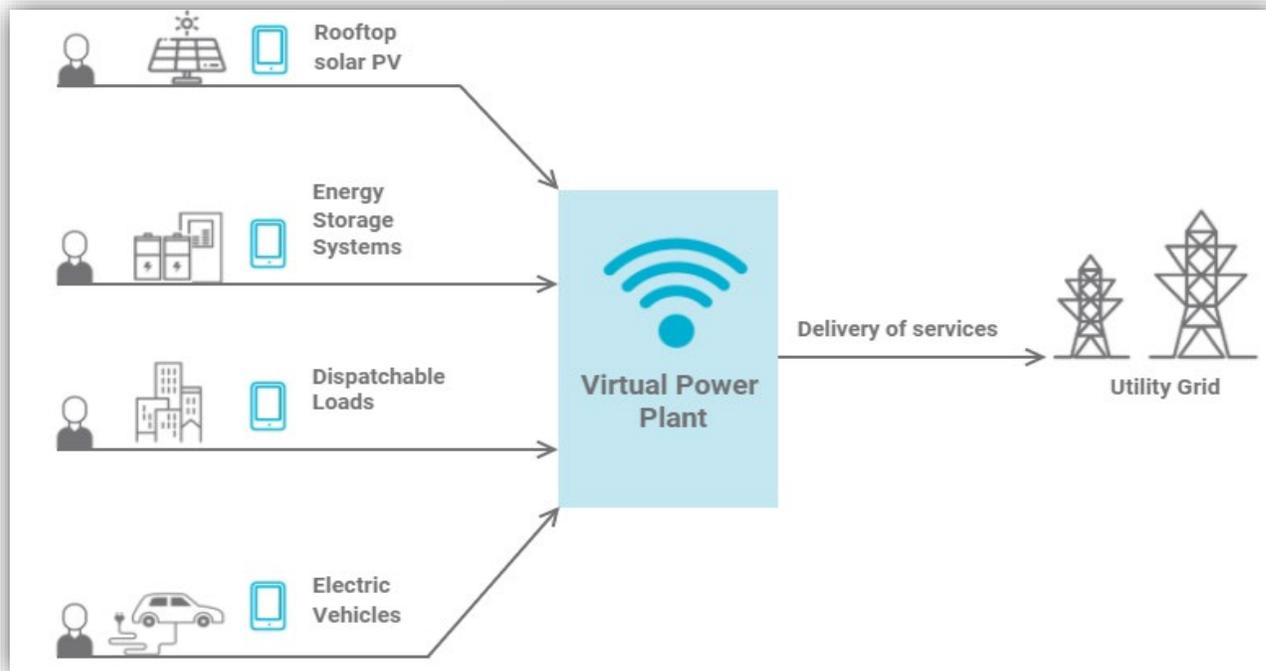
Thermal boilers, heat pumps, thermal storage, etc. used to provide heat for residential purposes.

## DISTRIBUTED ENERGY RESOURCES



# Innovative business models emerge: Aggregators

Description	Value
Virtual power plant (VPP) global market value	USD 762 million in 2016; expected to reach USD 4 597 million in 2023 (compound annual growth rate of 25.9% from 2017 to 2023) (Research and Markets, 2018)
Countries with established regulatory frameworks allowing VPP trading	Australia, Austria, Belgium, Germany, Denmark, France, Netherlands, UK, US, etc.
Services provided by aggregators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forecasting and trading of distributed energy resources</li> <li>• Optimised dispatching of distributed energy resources according to intraday pricing on spot markets</li> <li>• Delivery of ancillary services to transmission (and potentially distribution) system operators</li> </ul>

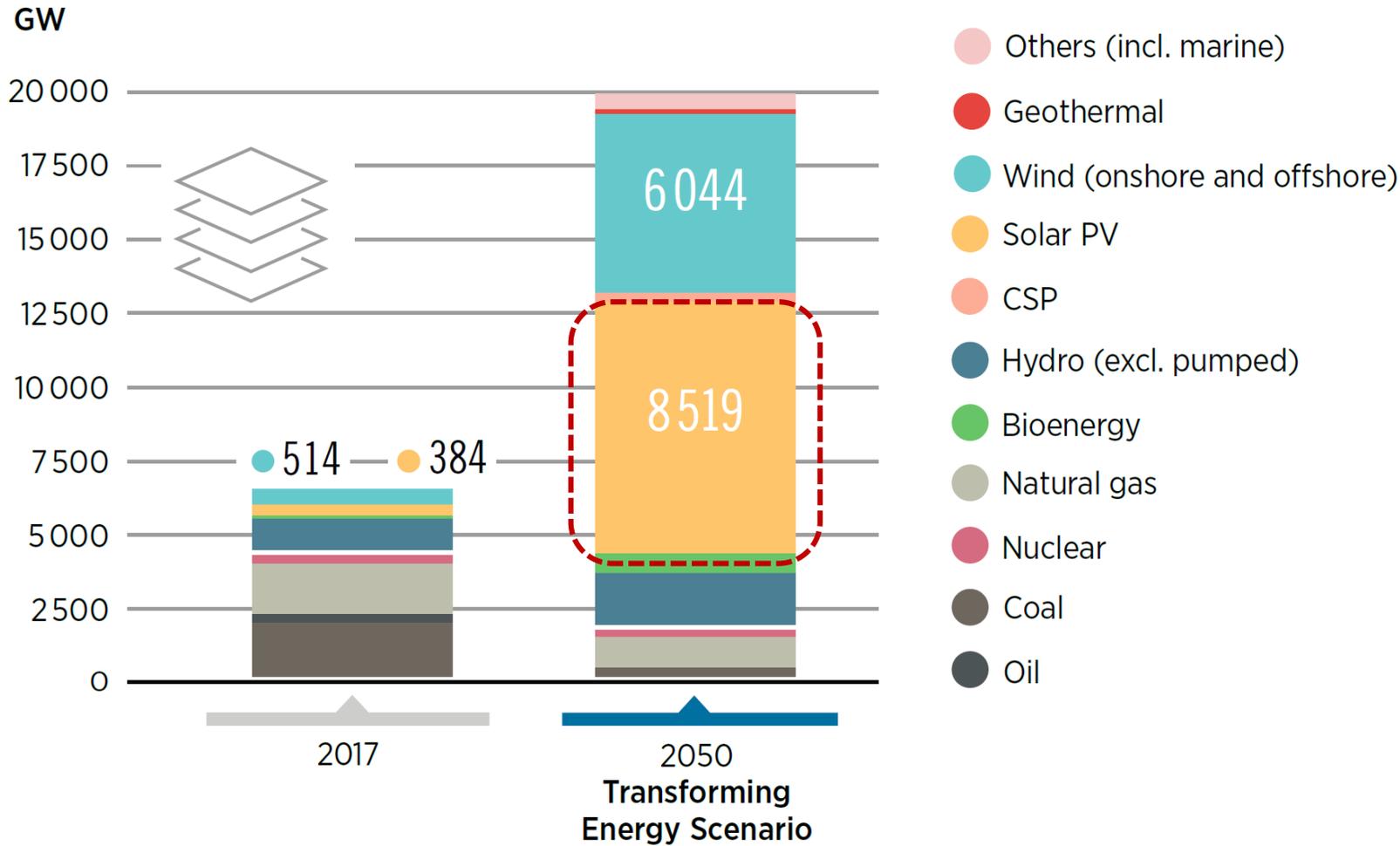


**In South Australia, aggregators can meet 20% of daily power demand and provide 30% savings on energy bills.**

Source: IRENA (2019) Innovation landscape brief: Aggregators

# Distributed PV to play an important role in the Global Energy Transformation

Breakdown of total installed capacity by source, 2017-2050

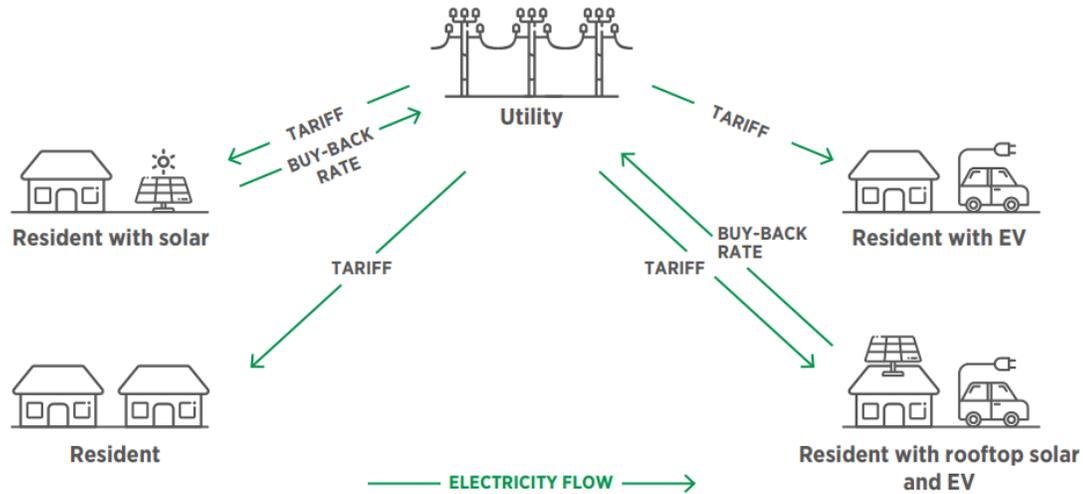


Global distributed PV cumulative installed capacity

- Today: **220 GW** (~ 35% of all PV capacity)
- by 2050: **3,400 GW** (~ 40% of all PV capacity)

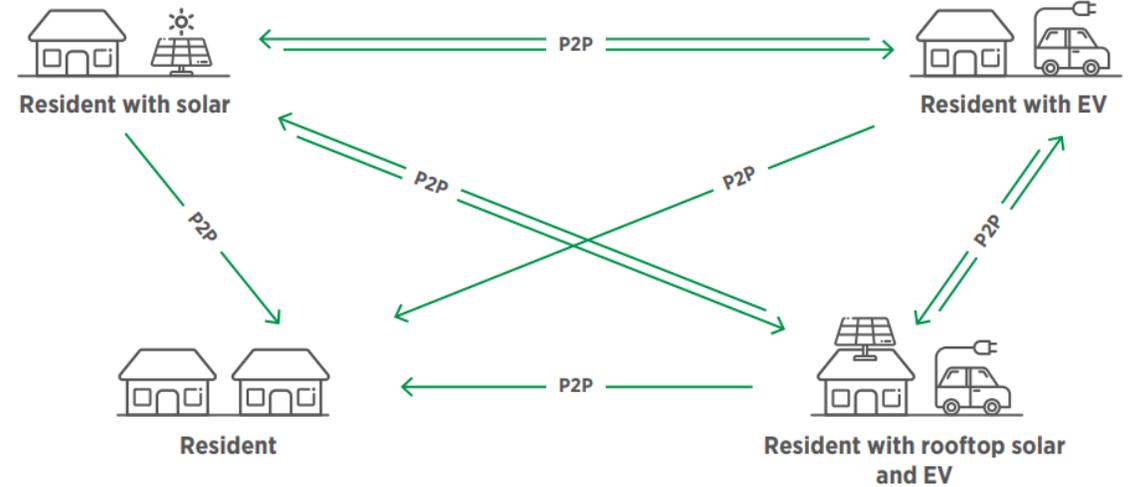
# Innovative business models emerge: Peer to peer trading

## Traditional trading model



Source: Adapted from Liu *et al.*, 2019

## Peer to peer electricity trading model



Global electricity generated by distributed PV ~ 350 TWh

## 2 KEY ENABLING FACTORS

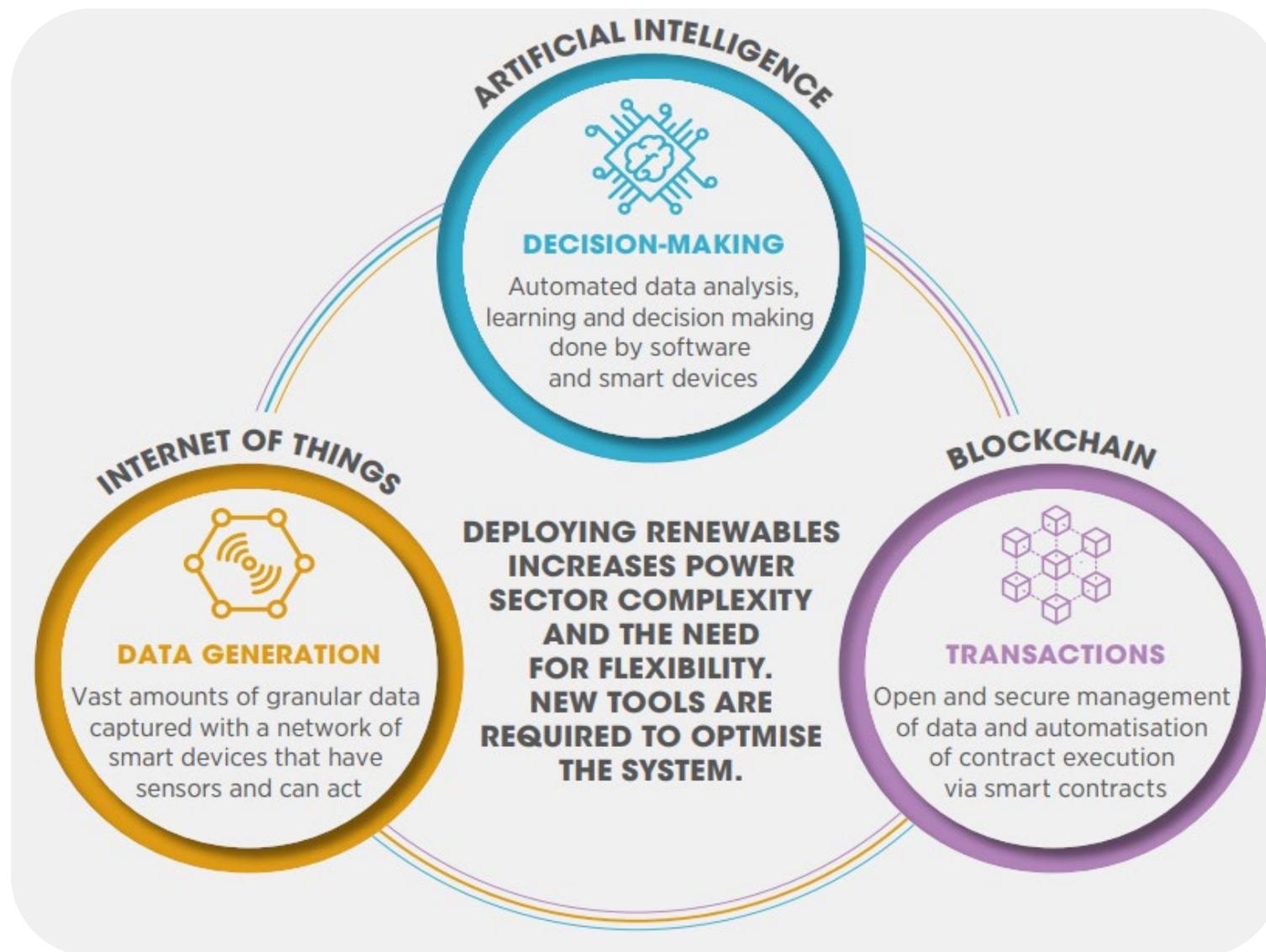
-  Distributed renewable energy resources
-  Digitalisation
-  Conducive regulatory framework

## 3 SNAPSHOT

- Australia, Bangladesh, Colombia, Germany, Japan, Malaysia, the Netherlands, the UK, the US and others have started trial P2P schemes.
- Many pilot projects used blockchain technology.

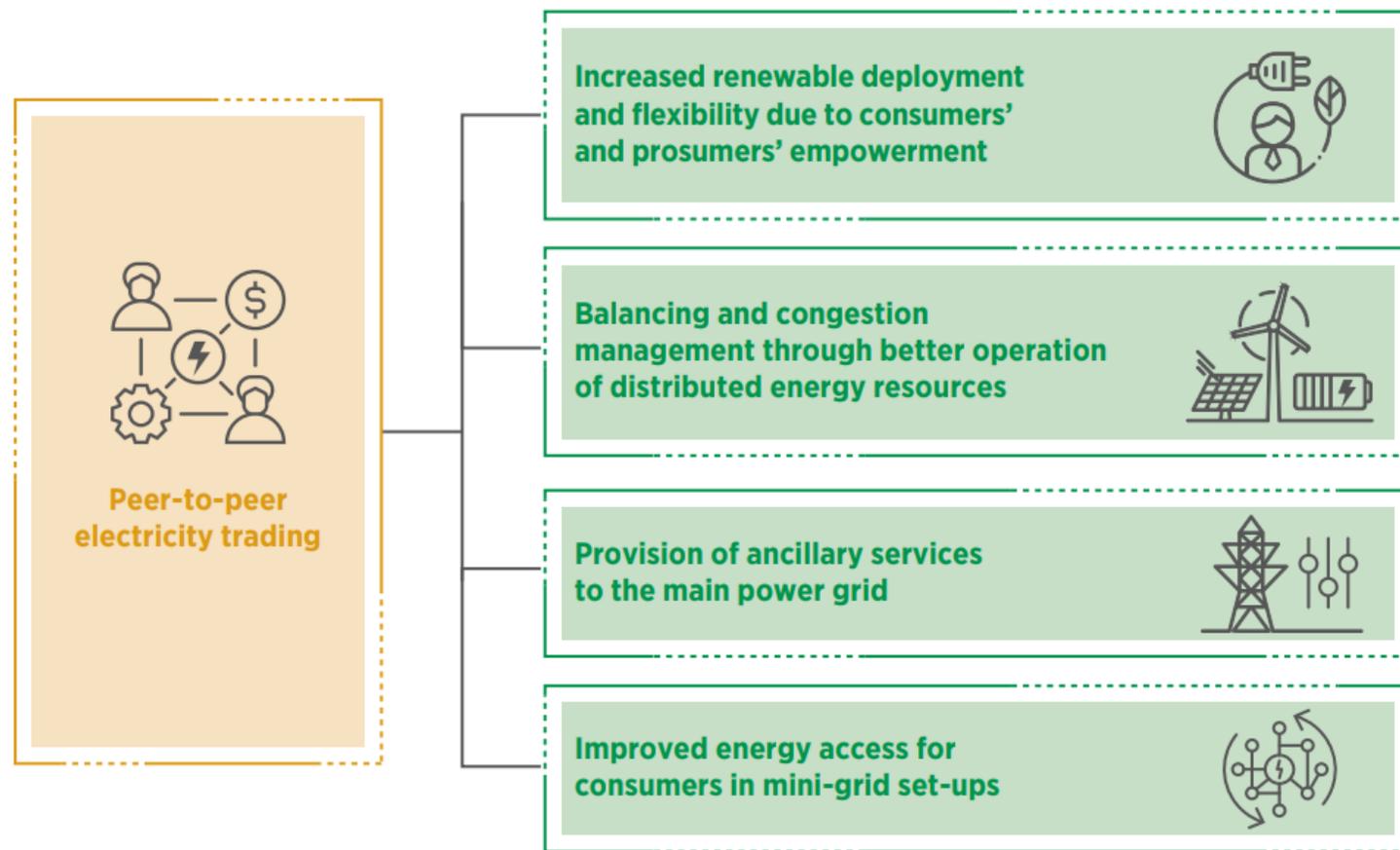


# Decentralisation needs digitalisation



# Smart technology must result in smart solutions for the power sector

Decentralisation can be a source of flexibility for power systems, but...



...Smart technologies need to be used in a smart way.

Consider both - user and system needs:

- Maintain or improve services to users at same or lower cost
- Promote users behaviour that alleviate instead of stressing more the system
- Observe market principles, consumer rights, the cost sharing principles applied to energy grids
- Appropriate electrify tariff structure - adequate grid charges if exchanges are carried out using the public infrastructure

\*Value from demonstration projects and regulatory sandboxes



# Malaysia P2P Energy Trading Pilot Project

**Hazril Izan bin Bahari, SEDA**

# Introduction

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## **The objectives of the pilot run are:**

- Simulate energy trading patterns between Prosumers and Consumers;
- evaluate technical and financial impact of P2P energy trading sandbox;
- identify regulatory changes required to facilitate nationwide P2P energy trading adoption
- identify enablers that will encourage the participation of Prosumers and Consumers; and
- Identify the challenges and risks in operationalizing the P2P energy trading

## **The regulatory sandbox was approved by the Energy Commission commencing November 2019 until June 2020 with the key provisions:**

- Interim System Access Charge (SAC) / Network charges of 6.3 sen/kWh;
- No retail or platform charges imposed;
- Allow NEM prosumers and consumers to trade electricity;
- Any untraded electricity from prosumers will be accepted by TNB @ zero cost.

# What Are We Looking

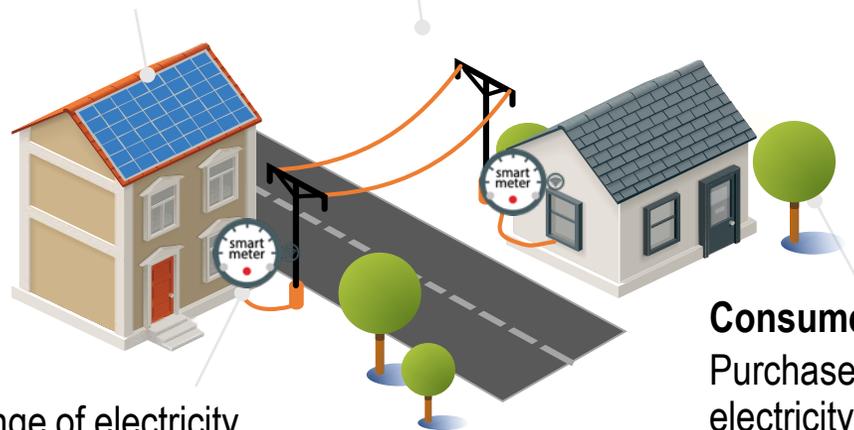


# Concept of P2P pilot project in Malaysia : Peer-to-peer electricity trading across the electricity network (TNB's grid)

P2P energy trading occurs when Prosumer sells **excess** solar electricity on an energy trading platform to another consumer at a rate **competitive** to retailer's tariff

**Prosumer  
(Net Energy Metering  
user)**

Produces excess  
electricity from own  
rooftop solar panels



**Smart meter**

Record exchange of electricity  
between prosumer, consumer &  
TNB, tracked via blockchain  
platform

**Utility (TNB)**

Use of Utility's grid, meter  
and billing system

**Consumer**

Purchases excess  
electricity from  
prosumer when  
available; rest of the  
time to purchase  
from TNB

Timeline: 8 months  
pilot project

Participation	No
Prosumer	6
Consumer	8

<http://www.seda.gov.my/2019/10/malaysias-1st-pilot-run-of-peer-to-peer-p2p-energy-trading/>

Source: SEDA

# Challenges and Mitigations



## Infrastructure

- Integration
- Data Format
- Data Communication
- Data Processing From Meter To Trading Platform

## Mitigations

- SEDA developed a data aggregator which integrated meter data from TNB Billing system and submitted to Power Ledger's P2P Platform



## Recruitment

- Identify suitable Consumers and Prosumers

## Mitigations

- Evaluated history data and ran the simulations



## Energy Trading

- Energy generated need to be balanced with the consumption to reduce spillage and zero energy cost
- Zero energy cost is a loss to the prosumers

## Mitigations

- Identified suitable energy profiles between prosumers and consumers to optimize trading



## Process

- Trading Process (algorithm, pricing, SAC)
- Settlement Process. To reduce risk, ensure fair and transparent.

## Mitigations

- TNB assumed the role of a 'clearing house' for the settlement during the sandbox period

# Settlement Process Between Prosumers and Consumers



2 Prosumer sells energy through TNB

3 The system access charges RM0.063/kWh (interim)

4 TNB sells energy to Consumer

7 TNB pays to Prosumer

6 Consumer pays to TNB

1 The selling price is set at 10% above the tariff

5 Consumer buys from TNB: P2P price = Energy price + System access charges

Arrangement for volumes exchanged through P2P Energy Trading Platform



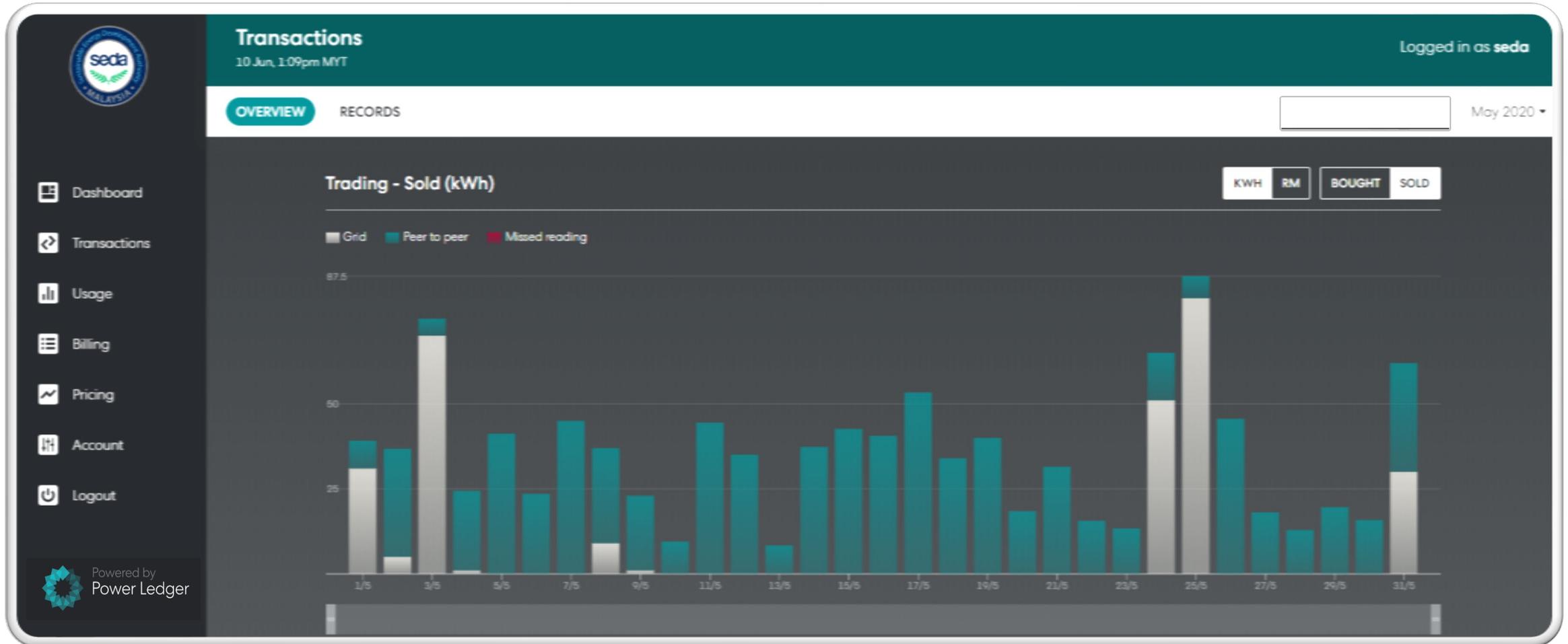
Prosumers



Consumers



# P2P Energy Trading Platform : Dashboard



# List of Prosumers and Consumers

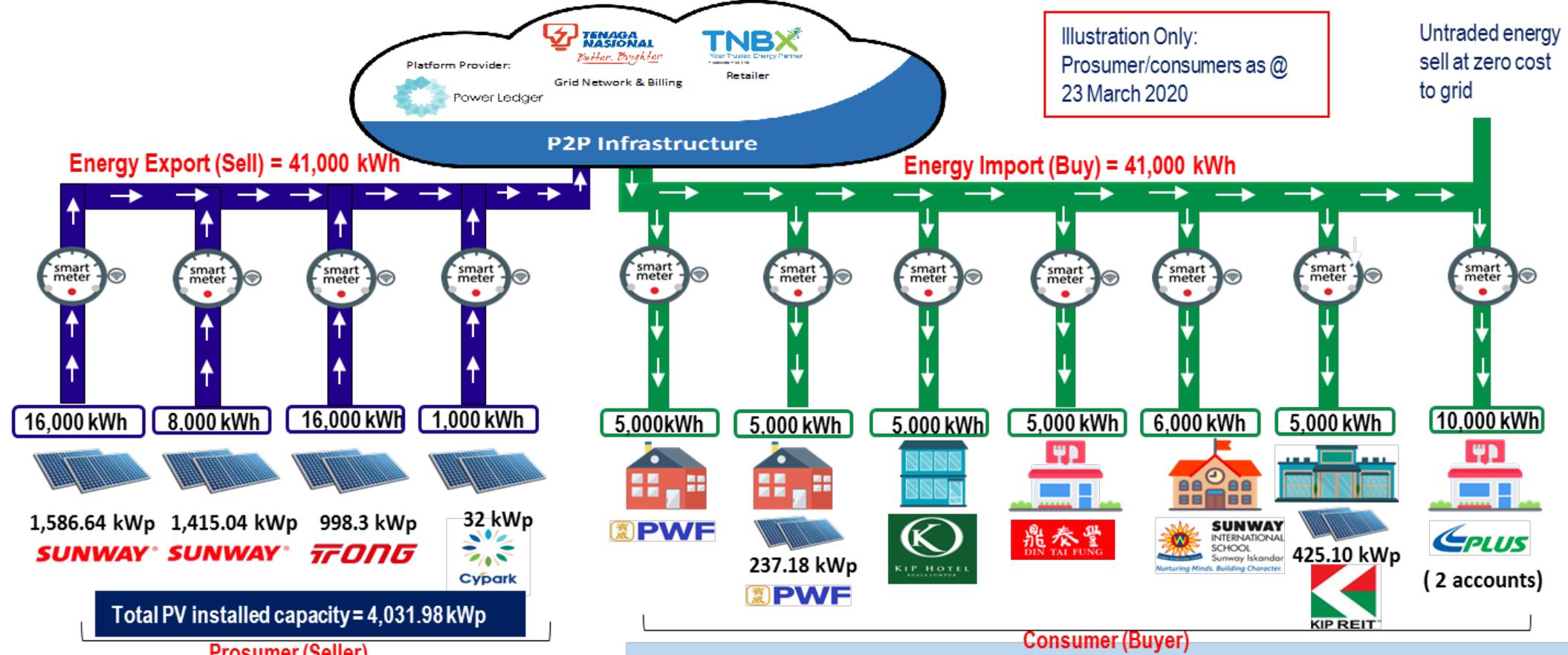


Illustration Only:  
Prosumer/consumers as @  
23 March 2020

Untraded energy  
sell at zero cost  
to grid

**Tariff (Prosumer)**  
 TNB Tariff: RM 0.355/kWh (e.g. Tariff E2)  
 \*P2P Selling Price: RM 0.3905/kWh  
 Margin: RM0.0355/kWh (10%)

**Tariff (Consumer)**  
 TNB Tariff: RM 0.509/kWh (e.g. Tariff B)  
 \*P2P Buying Price: RM 0.3905 + RM0.063\* = RM0.4535/kWh  
 Saving: RM0.0555/kWh (11%)  
 \*Sandbox network charges during sandbox duration, no retailer fee imposed during pilot run.

# Key Takeaways



## Infrastructure

- Need to have a seamless integration spanning the data collection, trading, billing and settlement process
- Standardization of meter data format to ease the integration with the platforms (P2P energy trading, billing and settlement)

## Participation

- Participants decision to take part are strongly based on economic return ( Savings, margin, risks, etc)
- Simplify the process to attract the participation

## Risks

- The untraded energy can be a risk to the prosumers in terms of financial loss. Thus, it is important to balance by increasing more consumers or providing a compensation rate.
- Retailers play important role in settlement, reducing the counter party risk and being buyer-of-last resort.

## Others

- System Access Charge/ Network Charge provide market signal on the commercial viability



# **Blockchain energy use-cases and real applications deployed around the world**

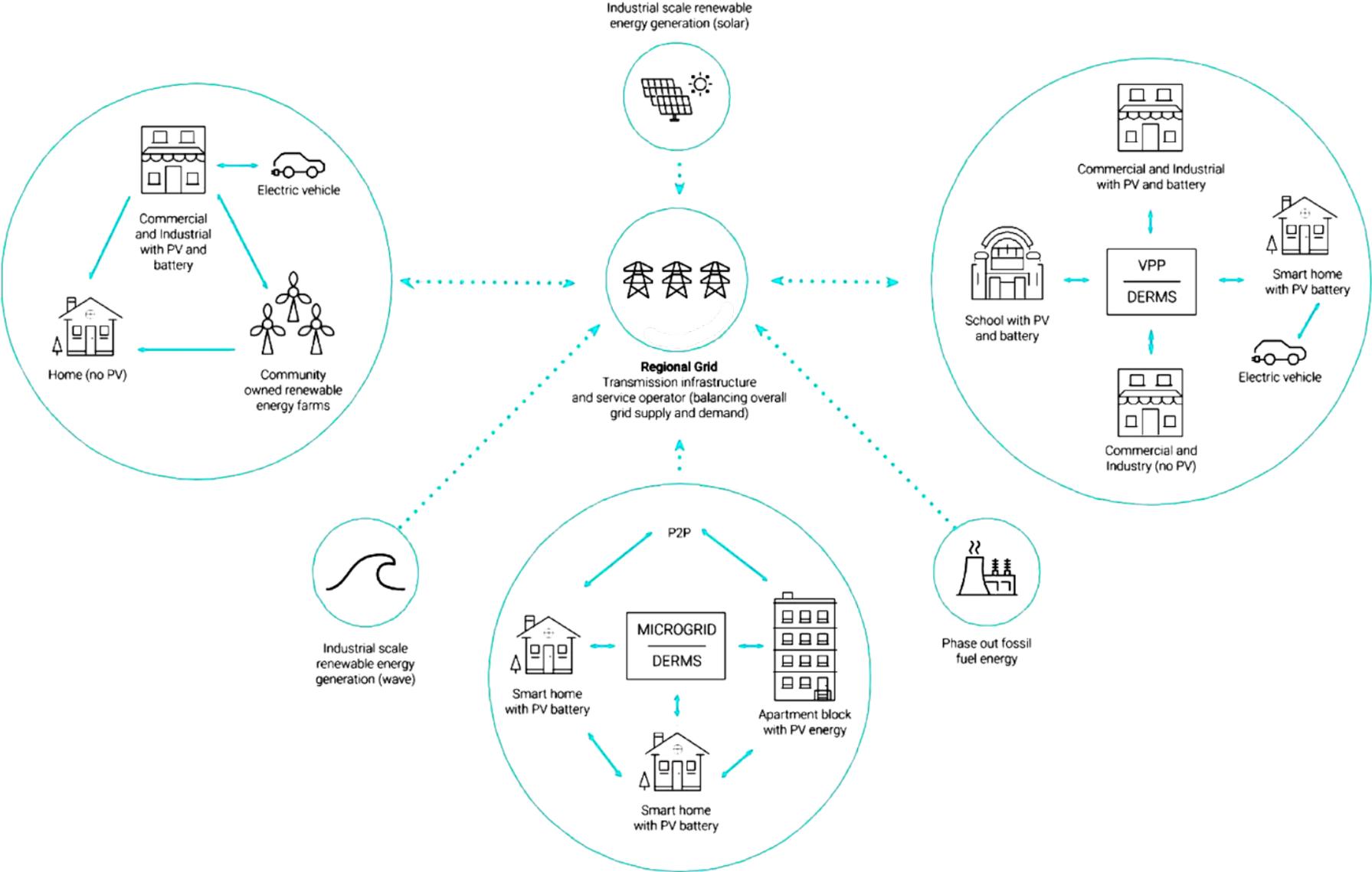
**Dr Jemma Green and Vinod Tiwari, Power Ledger**

# The traditional energy system

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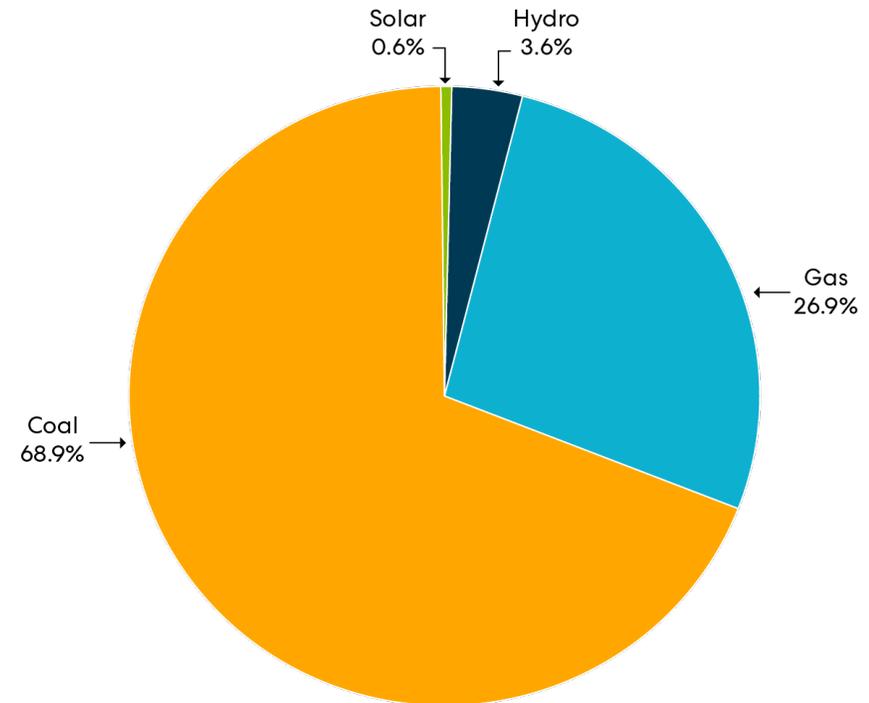
# Distributed energy systems



# Market context - Malaysia

Overall 1 August 2020 - 31 August 2020

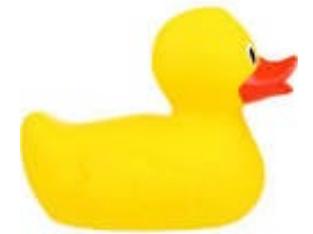
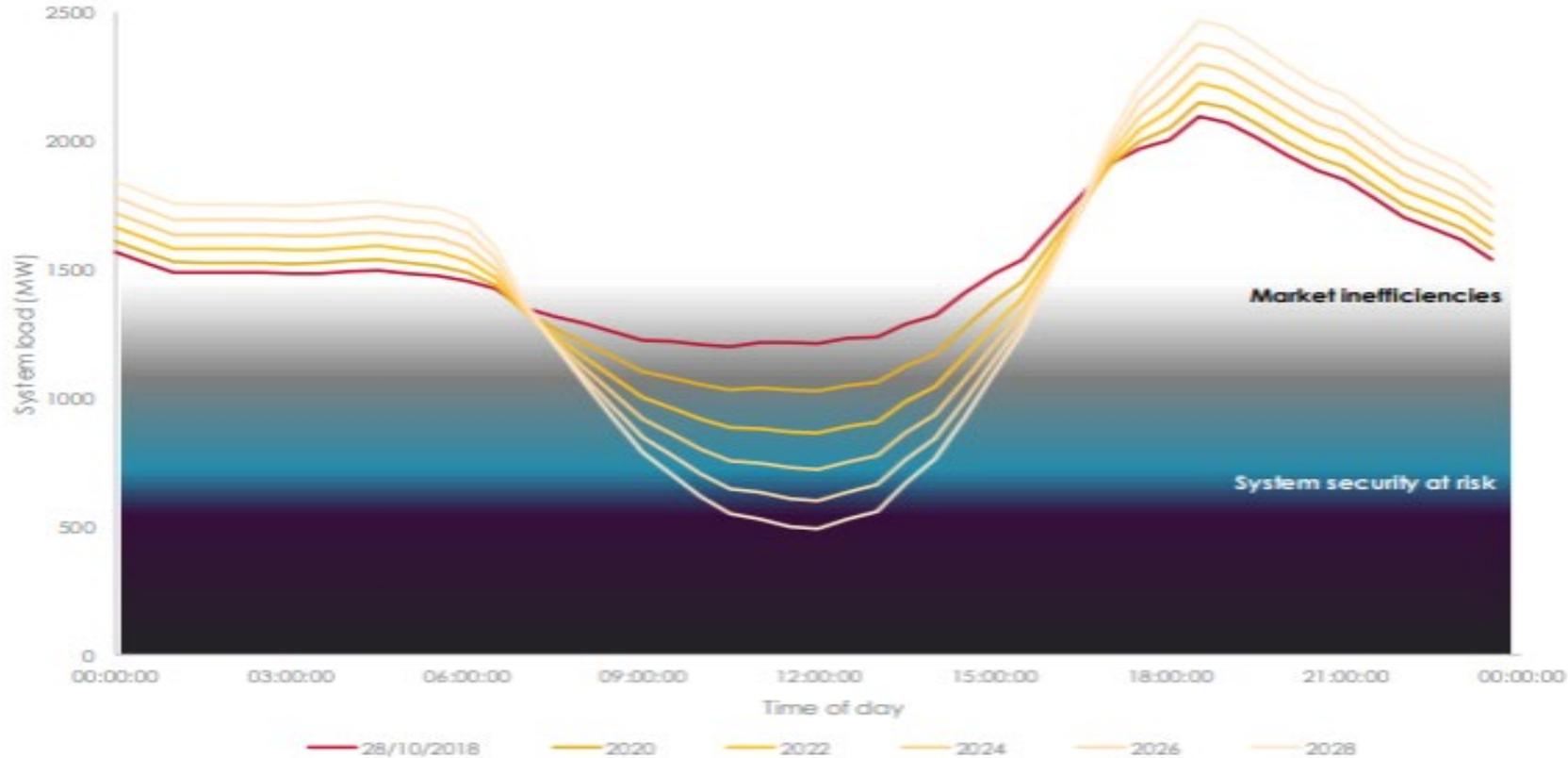
1. Gas and coal still biggest generation sources by far
2. Malaysia aims to achieve 20% renewable generation mix by 2025
3. Need to encourage sustainable PV generation



Source: Annual Generation Mix, Single Buyer

# The duck curve headache- why renewables are difficult

**Figure 9** AEMO's analysis on the shape of the load curve on the minimum demand day, 2018 actuals forecast to 2028, based on ESOO PV forecasts



Source: Integrating Utility-scale Renewables and Distributed Energy Resources in the SWIS, AEMO 2019

# Market context - Network pricing

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Many electricity markets around the world are implementing network pricing reform to better integrate Distributed Energy Resources (DERs):

- **ERCOT - Texas, USA**
- **ofGem - UK**
- **EA-NZ - New Zealand**
- **Swissgrid - Switzerland**
- **Privatised - Chile**
- **Caiso - USA**

Source: Power Ledger research



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**Power Ledger's market-making technology makes renewables scalable without the headaches and helps retailers invent new business models to capture value.**

# Power Ledger's software platform

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## Energy trading

xGrid,  $\mu$ Grid

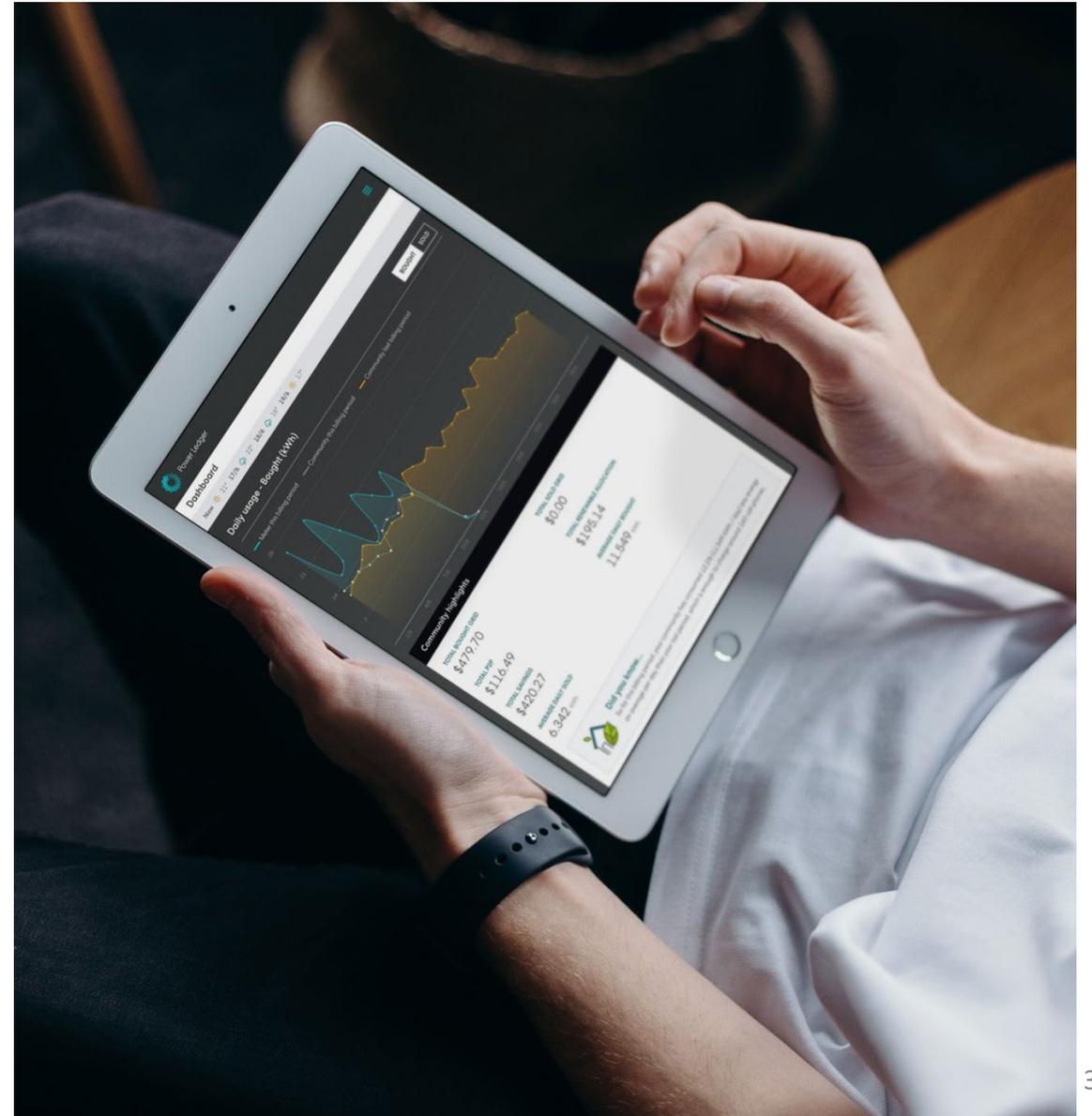
VPP

Vision, PPA Vision

## Environmental commodities trading

Trace

TraceX



# Power Ledger has more than 20 projects in 10 countries



# Why blockchain?

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Faster settlement

Smart contracts

Cross-retailer trading

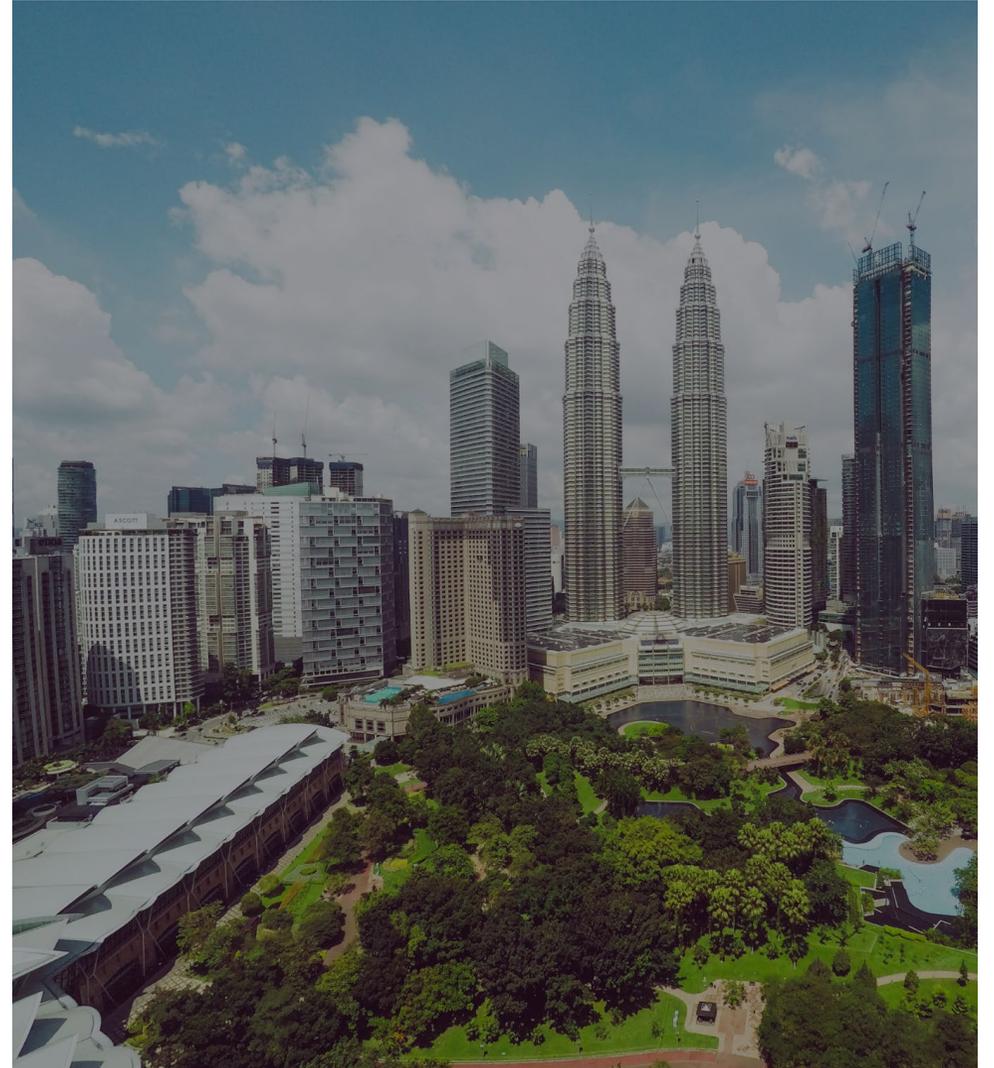
Enhanced auditing



# Sustainable Energy Development Authority (SEDA Malaysia)

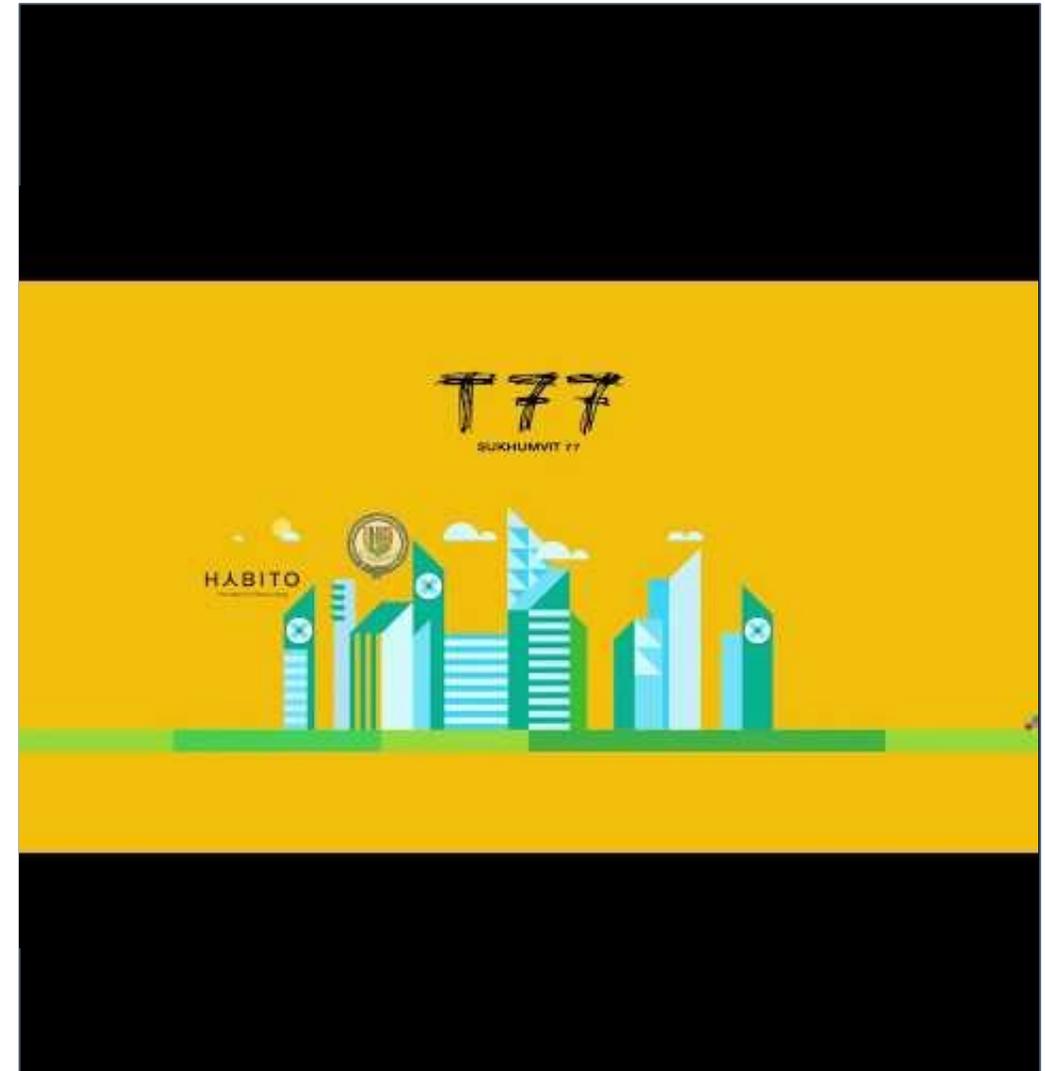
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- **Malaysia's 1st foray into P2P trading allowing Net Energy Metering (NEM).**
- **Trial ran from November 2019 until June 2020 w/ SEDA and national utility TNB.**
- **Trial demonstrated that P2P energy trading can encourage growth of rooftop solar in a scalable way.**



# BCPG - T77 Precinct Bangkok, Thailand

- Project commenced in October 2018 with 700 kW solar trading across 6 commercial sites
- Largest commercial P2P trading project in the world
- Investments in additional solar capacity being investigated onsite.



# TDED National Partnership - 1st project: Chiang Mai University

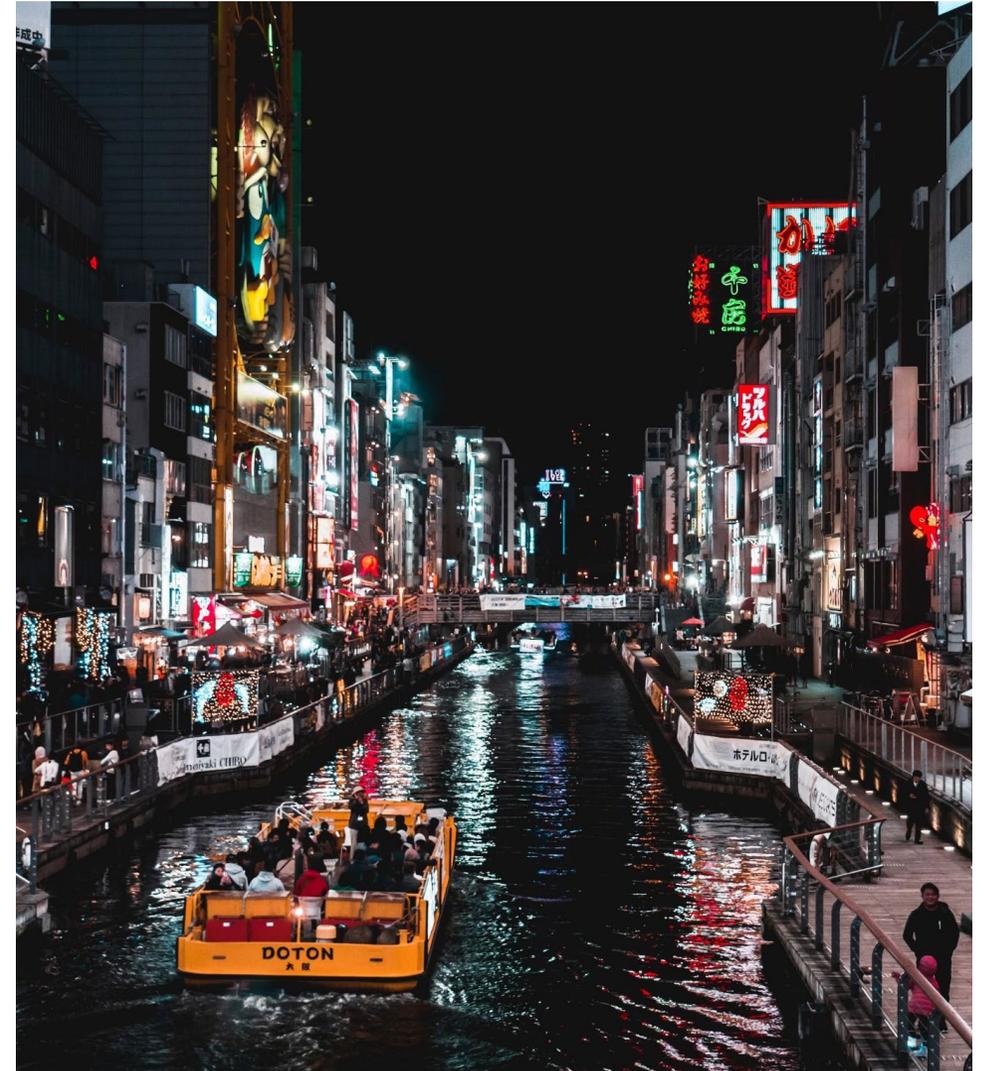
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- **Partnership with Thai Govt & BCPG**
- **First project P2P + VPP at Chiang Mai Uni**
- **12MW solar installed at the Smart Campus**



# KEPCO Japan: P2P + REC Trading

- Successfully completed P2P trading for post-FIT surplus power in Osaka.
- Create, track, trade and provide settlement of RECs via platform.
- Settlement of Non-Fossil Value (NFV) certificates, generated by rooftop solar systems.
- Framework for KEPCO to provide RECs to RE100 customers.



# ISGF, Uttar Pradesh

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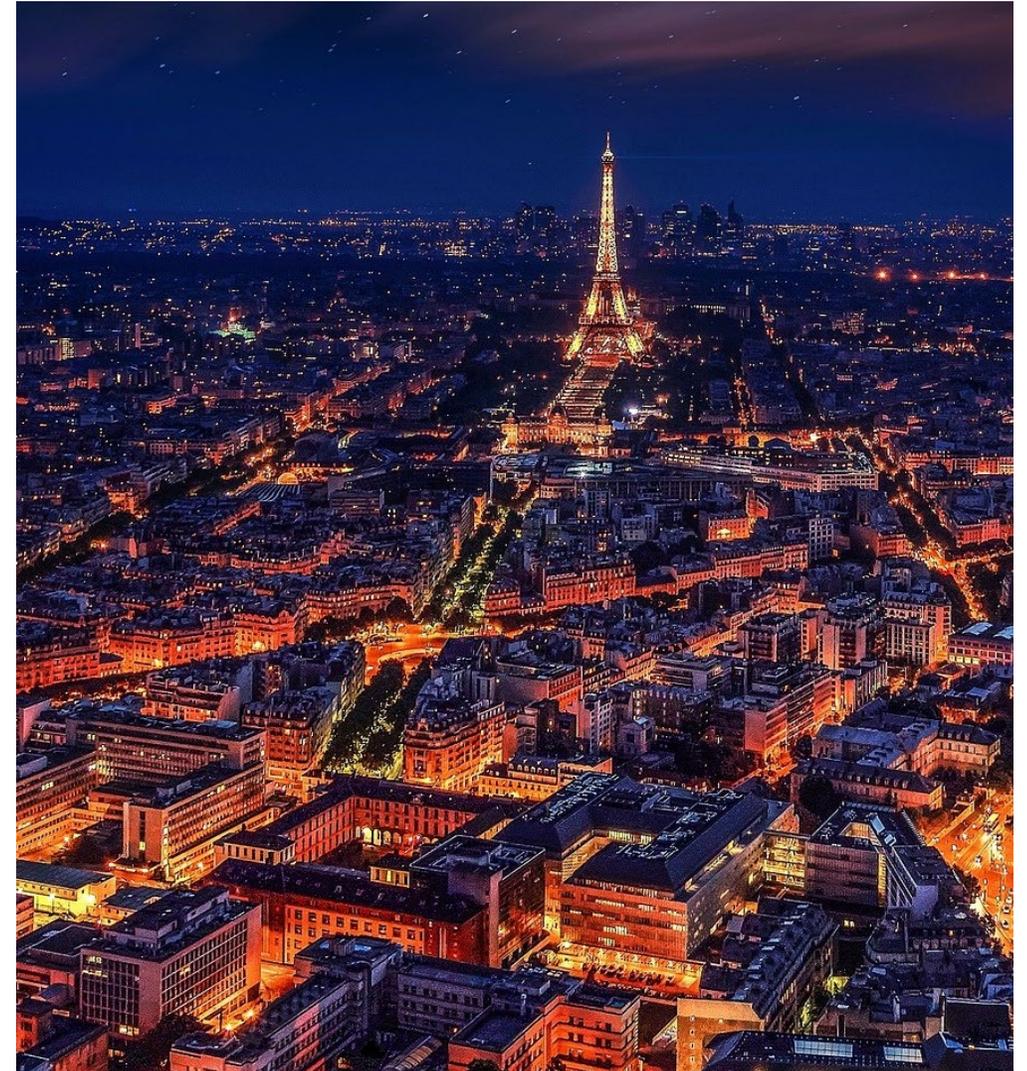
- **Working with UPPCL and UPNEDA to deliver P2P trading in India.**
- **UPERC endorsed, govt is 1st in world to formally recognize blockchain as a mechanism to make energy markets more efficient.**
- **This partnership expected to formulate appropriate regulations to promote P2P trading of solar energy in the biggest state in India.**



## ekWateur, France

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- **Launching a new product to 220,000 electricity meters across France.**
- **World's first application of blockchain to allow customers to 'choose their energy mix' based on the type of renewable energy, location and size of the generation (rooftop PV or large generation).**
- **The choices they make will contribute to the reduction of their carbon footprint.**



# Silicon Valley Power, California

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- **Connected to the second largest EV charging station in California, which is powered by solar**
- **Power Ledger's platform automated the process to request LCFS credits are issued by CARB.**
- **Helps EV owners and charging stations to monetise their solar and batteries.**



# Clearway Energy Group, California

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- Partnership with renewable energy developer, owner and operator of 6GW, Clearway Energy Group, to develop a platform to trade Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) in the United States
- Blockchain REC marketplace to drive cost efficiencies and improve market liquidity and transparency.



# The RENEW Nexus Project – Fremantle, WA

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- **Study of localised energy markets utilising blockchain technology. Supported by the Australian Government.**
- **In Fremantle, Western Australia, consisted of:**
  - **Freo 48:** Two-part solar P2P trading trials
  - **Loco 1:** VPP modelling
  - **Loco 2:** P2P + VPP energy trading



Image supplied by the City of Fremantle



# Findings - RENEW Nexus

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- **Energy trading popular with participants**
- **Energy trading altered energy consumption habits**



Image supplied by the City of Fremantle



# Findings - RENEW Nexus

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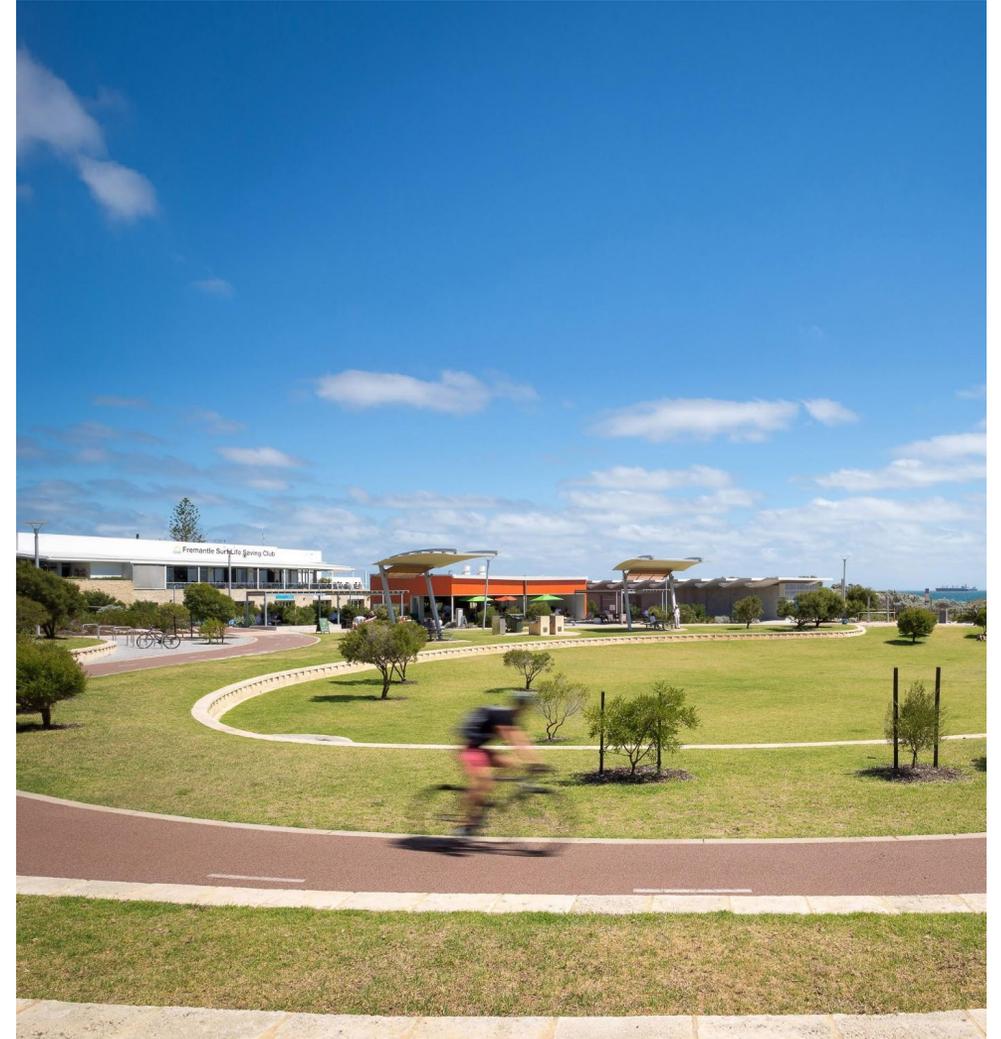


Image supplied by the City of Fremantle



**Using Power Ledger's P2P  
and VPP software,  
renewables can be scaled.**



# PANEL DISCUSSION

## Q&A



## NEXT JOINT WEBINARS



# Thirty innovations for a renewable-powered future

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**Wednesday, 26 August 2020 • 17:00 – 18:30 CEST**

<https://www.irena.org/events/2020/Aug/Thirty-Innovations-for-a-Renewable-Powered-Future>



# IRENA VIRTUAL EDITION INNOVATION WEEK 2020

Renewable solutions for transport and industry

**5 - 8 October**

<https://www.irena.org/events/2020/Oct/IRENA-Innovation-Week-2020>



## NEXT JOINT WEBINARS



# Innovations in electricity market design for solar and wind integration – Lessons learned from Europe

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**Tuesday, 20 October 2020 • 16:00 – 17:00 CEST**

<https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/1310167468969539088>



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