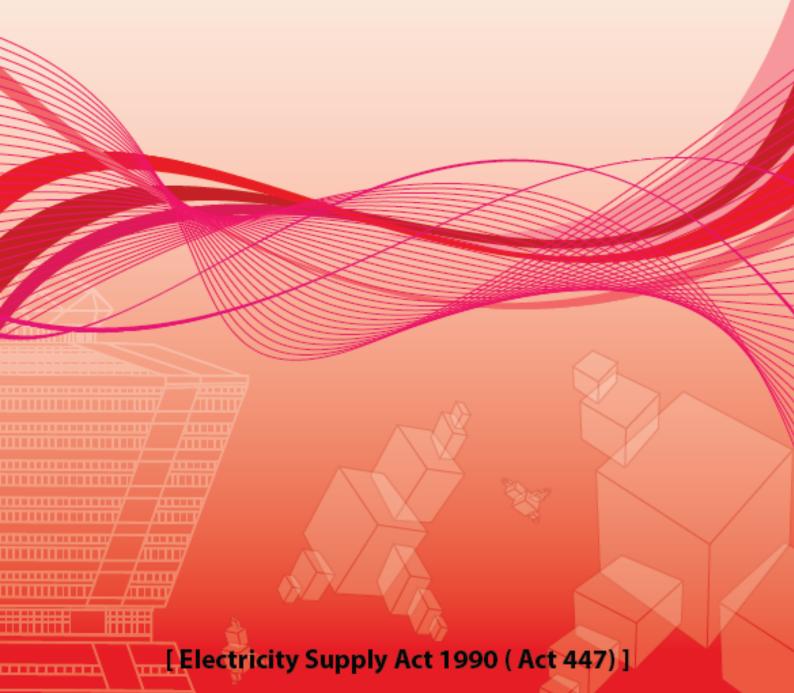


Guidelines

On The Connection Of Solar Photovoltaic Installation For Self-Consumption



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ELECTRICITY SUPPLY ACT 1990 [Act 447]

GUIDELINES ON THE CONNECTION OF SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC INSTALLATION FOR SELF-CONSUMPTION

GP/ST/ No.13/2017(Pin.2023)

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 50C of the Electricity Supply Act 1990 [*Act 447*], the Commission issues the following guidelines:

Citation

 These guidelines may be cited as the Guidelines on the Connection of Solar Photovoltaic Installation for Self-Consumption.

Interpretation

2. In these Guidelines, the terms used shall, unless otherwise defined in the Guidelines or the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning as in the Act, Regulation or Codes made under it. In addition, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them.

Term	Definition
Act	means the Electricity Supply Act 1990 [Act 447].
Commission	means the Energy Commission established under the
	Energy Commission Act 2001 [Act 610].
competent person	means a person who holds a certificate of competency
	issued by the Commission to perform work in accordance
	with the restrictions, if any, stated in the certificate.

connection point	means the interface point on a consumer's installation
	with the licensee's electricity supply network.
consumer	means an owner or occupier of a premises who is
	supplied or requires to be supplied with electricity by the
	licensee.
Electrical	means a person who holds a Certificate of Registration
Contractor	as an Electrical Contractor issued under Regulation 75
	of the Electricity Regulations 1994.
electrical work	means any work performed or carried out on an electrical
	installation and includes the installing, constructing,
	erecting or repairing, the altering of the structure, the
	replacing of any of its parts, the adding of any part to it or
	the carrying out of any work for the purposes of its
	maintenance, but does not include work in relation to:
	(a) the manufacturing of an electrical installation or the
	assembling in the course of, or in connection with,
	its manufacture for the purpose of producing a new
	article; or
	(b) the oiling, greasing, cleaning or painting of an
	electrical installation.
electricity supply	means the electricity transmission system and
system	distribution system used, worked or operated by the
	licensee.
indirect connection	means the connection of a renewable energy installation
	to a supply line indirectly through the internal distribution
	board of the consumer where the renewable energy
	installation is connected to an electrical point within the
	premises of the consumer instead of the point of common
-	connection.
installation	means the whole of any plant or equipment under one
	ownership or, where a management is prescribed, the
	person in charge of the same management, designed for
	the supply or use, or both, as the case may be, electricity;
	including prime movers, if any, with all necessary plant,
	building and land in connection therewith, pipe line,
	supply line, electricity supply infrastructure, domestic and
	non-domestic electrical installation and consuming
	apparatus, if any

	The state of the s
licensee	means the holder of a license to supply electricity issued
	by the Commission under Section 9 of the Act
Net Energy	means a mechanism where an eligible consumer installs
Metering (NEM)	a solar PV or other RE generation system primarily for
	his own use and the excess energy to be exported to the
	grid for which credit to be received that may be used to
	offset part of the electricity bill for energy provided by the
	licensee to the electricity consumer during the applicable
	billing period.
non-stand-alone	means a system connected to the electricity utility grid.
system	
Private Installation	means an installation operated by a licensee or
	consumer solely for the supply of electricity to and use
	thereof on the licensee's or consumer's own property or
	premises, or, in the case of consumer, taking electricity
	from a public installation or supply authority, for use only
	on the licensee's or consumer's property or premises
public installation	means an installation operated by a licensee for the
	supply of electricity to any person other than the licensee
solar photovoltaic	means sunlight converted directly to electricity through a
(PV) system	system which includes solar PV cells, modules, inverter,
	the associated protection and control devices, alternating
	current and direct current cable and other related devices
	up to the incoming terminal of the PV meter
solar photovoltaic	means electricity generated from solar PV system is
generation for self-	entirely for own use and in the event of excess of
consumption	generation, the energy is not allowed to be exported to
	the grid
stand-alone system	means a system completely independent from any
	electricity utility grid.
supply line	has the meaning as in Section 2 of the Act

3. Any installation or extension to an existing installation likely to cause undue interference shall comply with Regulation 30 of the Electricity Regulations 1994 which stipulates that:

Regulation 30 : "Power of Commission to make adjustment or alteration to installation.

When an installation is found likely to cause undue interference with the supply of electricity to other consumers or other installations, the Commission may require the consumer, occupier or management of the installation to make adjustments or alterations to the installation or the operation of the electrical system to such an extent, as he considers necessary, to rectify the situation."

4. Any person who installs electrical equipment or apparatus shall comply with the Section 33C of the Act which stipulates that:

Section 33c (1): "A competent person or a person under the control of a competent person who undertakes to carry out electrical work shall ensure that such electrical work complies with any regulations made under this Act, the electrical infrastructure safety code or non-domestic electrical installation safety code, as the case maybe, or in the absence of such regulations or codes, with standards and prudent industry practices as may be determined by the Commission.

(2): The person undertaking electrical work under subsection (1) shall ensure that such work shall not cause electricity related injury to any person or damage to any property."

Purpose

- 5. These Guidelines describe the registration procedures, the specification and requirements of solar photovoltaic (PV) system installation for self-consumption that shall be complied by any person who uses, works, operates or installs such installation.
- 6. The procedures and requirements are as in **ANNEX 1**.

Application

- 7. These Guidelines shall apply to:
 - (a) any person who uses, works or operates any solar PV generating facility for self-consumption and indirect connection to the electricity supply system in Peninsular Malaysia and Sabah; and

(b) the relevant licensee whose network is to be connected with the selfconsumption solar PV generating facility.

Dated: 14 July 2023

Chief Executive Officer for Energy Commission

ANNEX 1 - Connection of Solar Photovoltaic Installation for Self-Consumption

		Page
1.0	General Requirements	8
2.0	Obligations of the Consumer	8
3.0	Finding a Solar PV registered Electrical Contractor	9
4.0	Technical Requirements for Solar PV system Installations	10
5.0	Compliance with Government Policies and Laws of Malaysia	13
6.0	Licensing Requirements	13
7.0	Registration of the Installation with the Commission	14
8.0	Connecting to the Grid under Net Energy Metering Scheme	14
9.0	Provision of Information to the Commission	15
10.0	Suspension	15
11.0	Cost	16

Attachment 1 - Self-Consumption Solar PV System Registration Form

1.0 General Requirements

- 1.1 The use of solar photovoltaic (PV) panel systems has grown significantly in Malaysia since the Feed in Tariff ("FiT") mechanism been introduced under the Renewable Energy Act 2011. Under the FiT mechanism, a successful bidder will be awarded with FiT certification based on dedicated selling rates for supplying the energy to the grid. Since the FiT quota for solar PV ended, the government is encouraging individual, commercial and industrial consumers to install solar PV for their own consumption, looking to hedge against the rising cost of electricity.
- 1.2 The consumer or Electrical Contractor involved in the installation and commissioning of the solar PV system for self-consumption can make use of these guidelines for:
 - (a) understanding the solar PV system requirements;
 - (b) reference to installed capacity, plan, design and commissioning of the installation;
 - (c) reference to registration procedures with the licensee; and
 - (d) reference to licensing requirements.

2.0 Obligations of the Consumer

- 2.1 As an individual or commercial premise consumer who decides to install the solar PV system for self-consumption, it is advisable to do some due diligence on the following items:
 - (a) understand the electricity consumption of your premises or businesses and choose the right size system for your needs. The six-monthly consumption profile will determine the viability of solar PV system and will help you decide on the appropriate size of the system;
 - (b) understand the electricity tariffs since the decision for investing in a solar PV system will depend on what electricity tariffs been imposed by

- the licensee's company and how these may change once the solar PV system is installed;
- (c) find a solar PV installer with competency certified by the Commission and make sure the installer has the relevant experience in designing, constructing and commissioning the system;
- (d) survey and make comparison on the products to be purchased and workmanship guarantees since there is a diverse range of products on the market; and
- (e) engage with the Sustainable Energy Development Authority (SEDA) early to understand grid connection requirements if the consumer intends to participate in Net Energy Metering Scheme.

3.0 Finding a solar PV registered Electrical Contractor

- 3.1 Finding the right person or company to manage the design and installation of the solar PV system is important. Although there is no physical difference between PV panels installed on residential and commercial properties, installation and inverter requirements can be quite different. So, it is important to ensure that your installer has the relevant experience for the system size.
- 3.2 Solar PV systems come with some responsibilities for the consumer including learning the basic safe operation and maintenance of the system by checking the overall cabling and cleaning of PV modules on yearly basis. A comprehensive, on site solar and load analysis and two-way interview can help ensure a thoughtfully designed and well planned installation.
- 3.3 The registered Electrical Contractor will tailor the PV system based on how much electricity to be offset and the physical properties of the premises by:
 - (a) establishing the consumer electrical loads over an average day using a load analysis;
 - (b) determining the type of panels;
 - (c) determining the size of solar PV system;
 - (d) deciding the type of inverter;

- (e) establishing the location of solar panels in relation to angles; and
- (f) advising on the local planning authority and building permits requirements.

4.0 Technical Requirements for Solar PV System Installation

A. Installed Capacity

- 4.1 For a stand-alone system, there is no capacity limit for solar PV system installation for self-consumption purposes.
- 4.2 For a non-stand-alone system, the capacity limit for solar PV system installation shall be lower than eighty-five percent (85%) of the maximum demand of the consumer's existing installation.

B. Plan and Design

- 4.3 As the connection is done internally, the consumer shall appoint a qualified Electrical Contractor to design the solar PV system interconnection.
- 4.4 All drawings, plans, and specifications shall be approved by a suitably qualified competent person. No substantial amendment and modification shall be made to the plan and specification unless such amendment and modification has been approved by the said competent person.
- 4.5 Notwithstanding item 4.4, the consumer is to engage a licensee's registered company to conduct a Power System Study (PSS) for the solar PV system with a capacity of 425 kW and above. The PSS report shall be presented to the licensee for endorsement with the following technical requirements including but not limited to:
 - (a) general description of the electrical supply system and connection of solar PV system;
 - (b) analysis on load flow;

- (c) analysis on short circuit (fault level will be provided by the licensee);
- (d) analysis on different scenarios as below:
 - with solar PV system under maximum and minimum load;
 - without solar PV system under maximum and minimum load; and
- (e) proposal on the controlling and operating philosophy for electrical system
- 4.6 A certified copy of the drawings, plans and specifications including any subsequent approved amendments and modifications, shall be kept by the consumer for reference.

C. Types of Installation Allowed

4.7 The solar PV installation shall be of PV panels mounted on the rooftop of the buildings within the same premises.

D. Connection Requirements

- 4.8 For self-consumption purposes, the consumer and registered Electrical Contractor are responsible to ensure there is no electricity generation export to the grid and the system does not adversely impact the quality of electricity supply system from the licensee. The following requirements shall be adhered by the consumer and registered Electrical Contractor:
 - (a) purchase and install the appropriate functionality within the inverter with the capability of but not restricted to zero rated energy to grid and generation controller not to exceed the load demand, use of external device or energy storage to mitigate the export of excess energy from consumer's solar PV system to the licensee's network;
 - (b) ensure that the size and specification of the wiring from the PV arrays to the Main Switch Board (MSB) or Distribution Board (DB) is suitable and correct to guarantee the deliverability of the energy flow to the consumer's system;

- (c) ensure that the solar PV system does not adversely impact the quality of the licensee's supply by complying to the standards on voltage, flickers, frequency, harmonics and power factor;
- (d) ensure that the licensee has access to the consumption meter (licensee's meter) and solar PV meter at any time required by the licensee; and
- (e) Label shown below shall be clearly placed at the DB to remind the operator that the device should be access cautiously as there could be an energised part that comes from the indirect solar PV system.



(f) inform in writing officially to the licensee whenever the consumer intends to close or terminate its account.

E. Testing and Commissioning

- 4.9 The testing and commissioning works shall be performed by a suitably qualified competent person and shall comply with:
 - (a) the requirements under Electricity Supply Act 1990 and the Electricity Regulations 1994;
 - (b) the plan and specification as mentioned in paragraph 4.2 and including any subsequent approved amendments and modifications; and

- (c) such other requirements imposed by any other written law relating to the construction and installation of the generating facility.
- 4.10 Upon completion of the installation work, the installation shall be tested by a suitably qualified competent person, and who shall certify a Completion Certificate and Test Certificate (in Form G and Form H as prescribed in the First Schedule, Electrical Regulations 1994) for the installation and submit a copy of the said certificate to the licensee for registration purposes. (Please refer to Item 7.0)
- 4.11 In the event that the building or premises ownership does not belong to the consumer of the solar PV system installation, it is advisable to establish an agreement with the landlord, building owner or joint management body (JMB) as part of the lease or rental term. This agreement should determine the responsibilities of both consumer and landlord, building owner or JMB in installing and maintaining a solar PV system. Please take note that as solar PV system is long-term investment and may involve some renovations or changes at the building, it can be difficult for the solar PV system's consumer to secure landlord's permission and long-term finance arrangements if necessary precautions measures are not in place.

5.0 Compliance with Government Policies and Laws of Malaysia

All parties that are subject to these guidelines shall ensure that they comply at all times with the applicable laws of Malaysia in particular the Act and its subsidiary legislations.

6.0 Licensing Requirements

For solar PV system installation above 24kW for single phase and 72kW for three phase, any person who uses, works or operates the installation shall require a licence as stipulated under the "Guidelines on Licensing Under Section 9 of the Act".

7.0 Registration of the Installation with the Commission by the Registered Electrical Contractor

- 7.1 The consumer of the solar PV system is required to register the installation with the Commission by the registered Electrical Contractor by submitting the following documents:
 - (a) Self-Consumption Solar PV System Registration Form;
 - (b) a certified copy of the drawings, plans and specifications including any subsequent approved amendments and modifications by the suitably qualified competent person;
 - (c) a PSS report endorsed by licensee subsequent to the PSS presentation under item 4.5; and
 - (d) Completion Certificate and Test Certificate for the installation shall be in Form G and Form H as prescribed in the First Schedule, Electrical Regulations 1994.

8.0 Connecting to the Grid under Net Energy Metering Scheme

For those who are interested to participate in the Net Energy Metering scheme that allows the consumer of the solar PV system to export the excess energy generated from the installation to the licensee's network, please refer to "Guidelines for Solar Photovoltaic Installation Under The Programme Of NEM Rakyat and NEM GoMEn In Peninsular Malaysia" or "Guidelines for Solar Photovoltaic Installation Under NOVA Programme In Peninsular Malaysia".

9.0 Provision of Information to the Commission

Upon request, the consumer of the solar PV system shall furnish to the Commission in such manner and at such times as the Commission may require, such documents, accounts, estimates, returns, reports and other information as the Commission deems necessary.

10.0 Suspension

- 10.1 The Commission may, upon service of written notice to the consumer, suspend the operation of the solar PV system upon the occurrence of the following events:
 - (a) if the consumer has failed to comply with the recommendations from any Electrical Services Engineer, Competent Electrical Engineer or Electrical Supervisor on the defects in the installation which is likely to cause danger; or
 - (b) if the consumer has failed to comply with any directive or order or notice given in writing pursuant to the Act.
- 10.2 When the operation of the solar PV system is suspended pursuant to Paragraph 10.1 above, the consumer shall not be entitled to any payment or compensation from the Government for any loss or damage that may have occurred, incurred or suffered by the consumer.
- 10.3 The period of any suspension imposed shall be determined by the Commission. The suspension shall cease as soon as the breach has been remedied by the consumer and the Commission shall certify the same.

11.0 Cost

For the purpose of these Guidelines, any installation commissioned after 15 July 2023 is subject to charges, fees, or any other payment that will be imposed by the Government to reflect the true cost of supply, to ensure fairness to all consumers, and to maintain the security and reliability of the electricity supply system.

Attachment 1 - Self-Consumption Solar PV System Registration Form to be submitted by the registered Electrical Contractor

PART 1: INFORMATION	
• Please submit the registration form to the Commission before commissioning the solar PV system installation.	For office use only:
Consumer shall comply with "Guidelines on the Connection of Solar Photovoltaic Installation for Self-Consumption".	Reference No:
·	Serial No:
• Consumer need to conduct PSS for solar PV system with capacity ≥425kW.	Date Received:
 Applicant need to apply for a generating licence from Energy Commission for a single phase system with capacity ≥ 24kW or three phase system with 	Bute Received.
capacity ≥ 72kW.	Time Received:
	Receiving Officer:
PART 2: CONSUMER INFORMATION	
Applicant Name	IC/DOC November
	IC/ROC Number:
Electricity Bill account number:	
Licensee: (e.g. TNB, SESB, etc	
Email address:	Phone Number:
Mailing Address:	
I hereby authorize the Competent Person as described in PART Consumption (SelCo) registration	4 to act on my behalf to manage my Self
Signature: Date	:
PART 3: ALTERNATIVE CONTACT PERSON	
Name:	IC Number:
Relationship:	
Email address:	Phone Number:
Mailing Address:	
PART 4: COMPETENT PERSON (ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR) DET	AILS
Name: IC,	/ Certification No.:
Company Name: Co	ompany ROC No:
	mail address:
	mail address:
l Mailing Address	
Mailing Address:	

PART 5: SERVICE PROVIDER DETAILS (IF ANY)			
Name:		IC/ Certification No.:	
Company Name:			
Phone Number:		E-mail address:	
Mailing Address:			
PART 6: CONSUMER INFORM	IATION		
Installation Address:			
Installation Site Ownership:	Fully Owned	Owned (charged to bank)	Leased
If not fully owned, please provide the owner's name:			
Is the applicant an existing FIAH?	: Yes No	If yes, please provide the existing capacity installed(kW)	
Voltage at point of common coupling: Low Voltage (230V/400V) Medium Voltage (11kV/33kV) @Utility meter			
Reasons for installing solar PV system	Reduce electricity	_	
	Reduce Green Hou	se effect Other reasons:	
Installation Type	Farm	Roof (Domestic)	
	Roof (Commercial)	Garage	
	Others:		
PART 7: TECHNICAL INFORMA			
a) Maximum demand of exist	ing installation	kW	
b) Installed Solar PV Capacity	in kW _p	c)in k	W_{ac}
d) Expected generation per monthkWh			
e) Date of Commissioning of solar system:(dd/mm/yyyy)			
f) Installation of Battery Energy Storage System: Yes No If yes, Battery capacity kW			
		Battery Manufacturer:	
g) Daytime Peak Demand (11am to 3pm)kW (Friday to Monday)			
h) Daytime Lowest DemandkW			
Note: For stand alone system, no capacity limit for solar PV system installation. For non stand alone system, solar PV system installed capacity shall not be more than 85% of maximum demand.			

PART 8: PHOTO	VOLTAIC (PV) INSTALLATION INFORMATION	
a) PV Module	i) Type: Monocrystalline Polycrystalline Thin Film Others:	
	ii) Manufacturer	
	iii) Module capacity	
b) PV Inverter	i) Number of inverter installed	
	ii) Inverter capacity	
	iii) Type: Single Phase Three Phase	
	iv) Manufacturer	
	v) Power Factor:laggingleadingunity	
PART 9: DECLAI	RATION	
 By signing this form, I declare that: I am representing the applicant of the premise and the information furnished above is true to my knowledge and belief. I hereby acknowledge that all information given are true and the relevant Authority shall have the right to take any action if the above information is false. I confirm that the solar PV system design comply to the standards (IEEE 1547, IEC 61727, MS 1837, Guidelines on the Connection of Solar Photovoltaic Installation for Self-Consumption) and the inverter (s) used are as per approved lists. I also verify that the site condition is fit for installation of the solar PV system as per applicable regulations. I further agree to comply with the specifications, terms and conditions stipulated in the applicable guidelines and related regulations, as amended from time to time. 		
Signature :	Competent Person stamp:	
Name:		
Date:		

